COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Economics & Management Science				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Economics				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Bachelor				
COURSE CODE		SEMESTER 8			
COURSE TITLE	Capital Markets				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	NG ACTIVITI mponents of the e credits are aw ning hours and	ES e course, e.g. varded for the the total credits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	Ĵ	CREDITS
		Lectures	4		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d	f teaching and a l).	the teaching			
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Genera background, and skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Capital Markets, Mathematics, Statistics, Microeconomics, Macroeconomics				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Helps the students to understand the basics of Financial Derivatives in order to be able to work in financial institutions and businesses.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data andPrinformation, with the use of the necessary technologyReAdapting to new situationsReDecision-makingShWorking independentlyseTeam workCrWorking in an international environmentPrWorking in an interdisciplinary environment....Production of new research ideasOt

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others... **1**. Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

- 2. Decision-making
- 3. Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- 4. Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- 1. Financial derivatives.
- 2. Risk measurement and hedging.
- 3. Derivative Exchanges Spot markets and forward markets
- 4. Forward contracts and futures for stocks and merchandises
- 5. Risk hedging and speculation in forward markets.
- 6. Options and option exchanges. Risk hedging and speculation with options
- 7. Stock index derivatives.
- 8. Bond derivatives
- 9. Foreign exchange derivatives.
- **10**. Speculation strategies. Special topics.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT in teaching: laboratory teaching and exerc	cises
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Lectures laboratory exercises	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	 Written examination: Problemes to be solved and/or multiple choice questionnaire Laboratory work 	25

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are
given, and if and where they are accessible to
students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:-Προτεινόμενη Βιβλιογραφία :

Text-books: choose one of the following:

1. Αλεξάκης Π. (Αθήνα, 2005): Παράγωγα Προϊόντα και η Ελληνική Χρηματιστηριακή Αγορά

Παραγώγων

2. Μυλωνάς, Ν. (Αθήνα, 2005): Αγορές και Προϊόντα Παραγώγων

3. Πολυμένης, Β. (Θεσσαλονίκη, 2010): Σύγχρονη Χρηματοοικονομική Ανάλυση

Bibliography:

1. Hull, J. (Prentice Hall, 2006): Options, Futures and Other Derivatives

- 2. Redhead, K. (Woodhead Faulkner, 1992): Introduction to the International Money Markets
- 3. Chisholm, A.M. (Wiley, 2002): An Introduction to Capital Markets
- 4. Fabozzi, F.J. & Modigliani, F. (Prentice Hall, 2002): Capital Markets:
- Institutions & Instruments
- 5. Blake, D. (Wiley, 2002): Financial Market Analysis
- 6. Bodie-Kane-Marcus (Irwin, 1996): Investments
- 7. Moses-Cheney (West Publishing, 1989): Investments
- 8. Reilly-Brown (Dryden, 2000): Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management
- 9. Fabozzi, F.J. (Prentice Hall, 2000): Bond Markets, Analysis and Strategies
- 10. Kolb, R.W. (Blackwell, 1999): Futures, Options, and Swaps
- 11. Νούλας, Α. (Θεσσαλονίκη, 2006): Αγορές Χρήματος και Κεφαλαίου

8. Moses-Cheney (West Publishing, 1989): Investments

9. Murphy, J.J. (New York Institute of Finance, 1999): Technical Analysis of the Financial Markets

10. Reilly-Brown (Dryden, 2000): Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management

11. Κουρούκλης, Χάρης (Metapublications, 1999): Τεχνική Ανάλυση: Θεωρία και πρακτικές εφαρμογές

- Related academic journals: